

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

According to 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard 2012 (HazCom 2012)

# SECTION 1: Identification

**Product identifier** 

Product name Calcium Indicator Liquid

Product number R-0011L; R-0011L-PL

Recommended use and

restrictions

To be used in accordance with manufacturer instructions or under the direct guidance of the

Not currently regulated by OSHA. For additional information, refer to section 12 of the SDS.

manufacturer.

**Manufacturer** Taylor Technologies, Inc.

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Emergency phone: (800) 837-8548

# SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 2Health hazardsEye damage/irritationCategory 2ASpecific target organ toxicity, single exposureCategory 3

**Environmental hazards** 

Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory

irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly

closed. Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection if contact is likely to occur. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing dust/fumes/gas/mists/vapors/spray. Use only

outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a physician

or poison center if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF EYE

IRRITATION PERSISTS: Get medical advice/attention. IN CASE OF FIRE: Use alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, or water fog to extinguish.

Storage Store in well-ventilated place. Keep tightly capped. Store out of direct sunlight between 36°F-

85°F. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified Not applicable

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Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	% w/w
Triethanolamine	Trolamine, 2,2', 2" -Nitrilotriethanol	102-71-6	60-80
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropanol	67-63-0	10-30
Nonhazardous and other components below reportable levels	Not applicable	Not applicable	0.1-1

#### SECTION 4: First-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Remove individual to fresh air. Seek medical advice/attention if breathing becomes difficult or if respiratory irritation develops. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if needed.

#### In case of skin contact

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. If clothing comes in contact with the product, the clothing should be removed and laundered before reuse. Seek medical advice/attention if irritation develops.

#### In case of eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If symptoms persist or in all cases of concern, seek medical advice/attention.

#### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed by physician. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content does not get into the lungs. If symptoms persist or in all cases of concern, seek medical advice/attention.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Refer to section 2 and/or section 11 of the SDS for the most important known symptoms and effects.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

#### **General information**

Ensure medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

#### Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can be electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This material may be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, or mechanical/electrical equipment). Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Explosion hazard

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. This material may be ignited by heat, sparks,

flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g., static electricity, pilot lights, or mechanical/electrical equipment). Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Reactivity Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides. Other irritating fumes and smoke.

# Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire; hazardous fumes will be present.

Firefighting Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. equipment/instructions

Protection during firefighting Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Other information Refer to section 9 of the SDS for flammability properties.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during cleanup. Do not breathe dust/ fumes/ gas/ mists/ vapors/ spray. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protective equipment, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid discharge into drains, watercourses, or onto the ground.

# Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate the contaminated area. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Dike the spilled material where this is possible. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth, and place into containers. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements, or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for reuse. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

#### Reference to other sections

For exposure controls and personal protection, refer to section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, refer to section 13 of the SDS.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mists/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. For personal protective equipment, refer to section 8 of the SDS. Keep away from incompatibles. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Label containers appropriately.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep tightly capped. Store out of direct sunlight between 36°F-85°F. Store away from incompatible materials (refer to section 10 of the SDS).

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### **US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Туре	Value	
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	980 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	TWA	492 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
US NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Haza	rds		
Components	Туре	Value	
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	ST	1225 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	TWA	980 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	IDLH	4920 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

#### US OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Biological limit values

#### **ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/L	Acetone	Urine	End of shift at end of workweek

#### **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended

exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eyewash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product

this product.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear appropriate chemical safety goggles if contact is likely to occur.

Skin protection Wear appropriate chemical-resistant gloves and clothing if contact is likely to occur.

Body protection Wear appropriate protective clothing if contact is likely to occur.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fumes at levels exceeding the

exposure limits. Advice should be sought from respiratory protection suppliers.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid Form Liquid

Color Dark purple to dark blue

Odor Alcohol
Odor threshold 90 mg/m³

pH No data available
Evaporation rate No data available
Melting point No data available
Freezing point No data available
Initial boiling point (boiling range) 180.4°F (82.3°C)

Flash point 53°F (12°C) Closed cup

Specific gravity

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

No data available

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable

Upper Flammability Limit

Lower Flammability Limit

LEL 2% v/v 200° F (93°C)

Vapor pressure

UEL 12% v/v 200° F (93°C)

LEL 2% v/v 200° F (93°C)

45.4 mmHG at 25°C

Vapor density 2.1

Relative density No data available

Solubility Soluble in all proportions

Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

No data available

Viscosity No data available

Explosive properties Moderately explosive when exposed to heat or flame.

Oxidizing properties No data available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

**Chemical stability** Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (refer to section 7 of the SDS.)

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

**Conditions to avoid** Heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. Temperatures exceeding the flash point.

Direct sunlight. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not use in areas without adequate

ventilation.

**Incompatible materials**Acetaldehyde, acids, chlorine, ethylene oxide, halogenated hydrocarbons, isocyanates, nitrites,

organics, strong acids, strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products under normal conditions.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure are skin/eye contact and ingestion.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Direct skin contact may cause irritation. Symptoms may include redness and itching.

Direct eye contact may cause serious irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing,

redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Inhalation of mists can cause respiratory irritation, drowsiness, dizziness. Symptoms may

include coughing and breathing difficulties.

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

**Acute toxicity**This product is not classified as an acute toxicity hazard.

Skin corrosion/irritation No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation

Respiratory sensitizationNo data availableSkin sensitizationNo data availableGerm cell mutagenicityNo data available

Carcinogenicity

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not classifiable

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096)

Not regulated

**US National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens** 

Not regulated

Reproductive toxicity No data available

Specific target organ toxicity

(single exposure)

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity

(repeated exposure)

No data available

Aspiration hazard No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** This product is not classified as environmentally hazardous.

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Mobility in soil

No data available

No data available

Other adverse effects Large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Collect and reclaim or dispose of in sealed containers at a licensed waste disposal site. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT

UN number 1219

UN Proper shipping name Isopropyl alcohol solution

Reportable Quantity

Class (Subsidiary risk)

Label(s)

Packing group

None

3

II

Special provisions IB2, T4, TP1
Packaging exceptions 4b, 150
Packaging, non-bulk 202

IATA

UN number 1219

UN Proper shipping name Isopropyl alcohol solution

Class (Subsidiary risk) 3
Packing group || Special provisions A180

**IMDG** 

UN number 1219

UN Proper shipping name Isopropyl alcohol solution

Class (Subsidiary risk) 3
Packing group ||

**Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutantNoSpecial provisionsNoneEmSF-E, S-D

**Special precautions for user**Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

This substance/mixture is not intended to be transported in bulk.

**DOT** hazard pictograms



IATA; IMDG hazard pictograms



# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# **US federal regulations**

CERCLA Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 302.4)

Not regulated

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 355 Appendices A / B)

Not regulated

#### **SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification**

Not regulated

#### SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

Chemical name	CAS number	
Isopropanol	67-63-0	
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical nameCAS numberIsopropanol67-63-0

#### TSCA Section 8(b) Chemical Inventory

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory list.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated

### Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Not regulated

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated

Clean Water Act, Toxic and Priority Pollutants (40 CFR 401.15 and CFR 423, Appendix A)

Not regulated

#### Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated

#### **US** state regulations

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (California Proposition 65)

Not regulated

# Massachusetts Right-to-Know Act

Not regulated

#### **New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

Chemical name	CAS number	
Isopropanol	67-63-0	
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	

# Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Chemical name	CAS number	
Isopropanol	67-63-0	
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	

# Rhode Island Right-to-Know Act

Chemical name	CAS number
Isopropanol	67-63-0
Triethanolamine	102-71-6

# SECTION 16: Other information

# NFPA Rating Health hazard 1 Fire hazard 3 Reactivity 1 Specific N/A

#### Disclaimer

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